



Speech-to-text and text-to-speech guardrails and evaluators

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1 Introduction

In recent years, Text-to-Speech (TTS) and Speech-to-Text (STT) technologies have significantly advanced, enabling more natural and accessible human-computer interactions. However, ensuring the **reliability, accuracy, and safety** of these systems is crucial, particularly in sensitive applications such as healthcare, finance, and customer service. To address these challenges, guardrails and evaluators play a vital role in optimizing the performance and ethical integrity of these models.

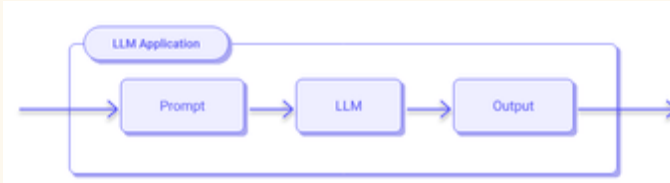
Guardrails act as preventive measures that ensure the generated or transcribed speech adheres to predefined rules, preventing harmful, biased, or misleading outputs. In TTS, guardrails help filter out inappropriate or toxic speech synthesis, while in STT, they can detect and flag misinterpretations that could lead to misinformation [3].

Evaluators are used to assess and monitor the quality of speech synthesis and recognition. These can be rule-based systems, machine learning models, or human evaluators who measure performance across accuracy, fluency, fairness, and robustness. Evaluators help refine models by identifying biases, reducing errors, and improving the overall user experience [4].

To research this topic, the following question will be investigated:

"How can guardrails and evaluators be designed and applied to make TTS and STT models safe and accurate for different use cases?"

Without guardrails



2 Literature review

There are already various guardrails that can be provided by TTS and STT systems. One of those is **rule-based string manipulation**. You can filter out bad-words or words you don't want your model to use. Another approach is a **LLM judge** that decides if an input is good or bad and for example decides if a user needs to be blocked [1]. An example of a LLM judge is NVIDIA's self-checking NeMo [2]. But you can also fine-tune your own LLM judge model.

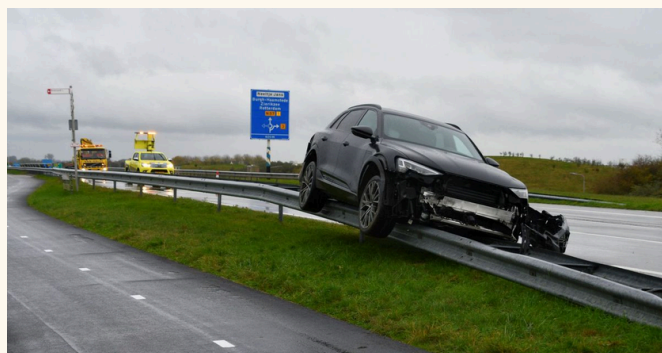


Fig. 2 Figure that shows why it is important to have guardrails [5].

3 Research methodology

Investigating existing guardrails and evaluators in TTS and STT technologies.

Literature review

Stakeholder analysis

Identifying key users and their needs, including businesses, developers, and end-users.

Evaluating different guardrails and evaluators before integrating them into the system.

Component test

Ethical check

Ensuring that the solutions adhere to fairness, bias reduction, and inclusivity principles.

With guardrails

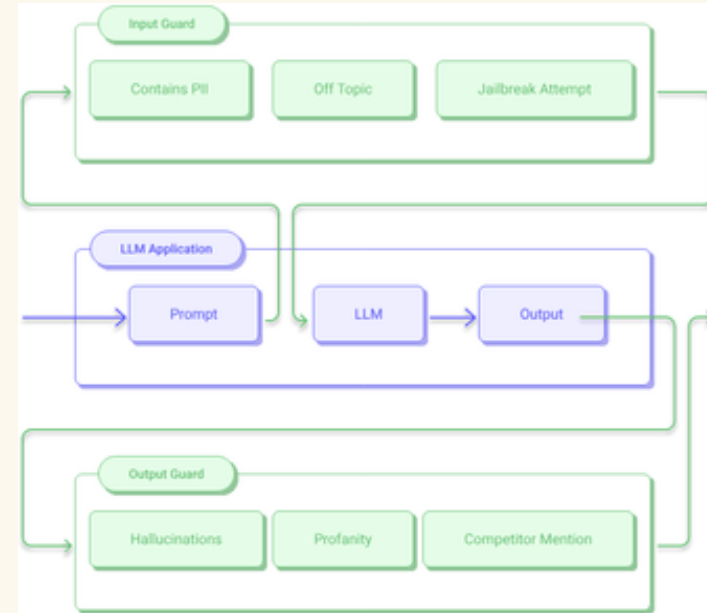


Fig. 1. Figure that explains what guardrails are [6].

5 Conclusion

The development of reliable and ethical TTS and STT systems is crucial as these technologies become more integrated into daily life. Guardrails and evaluators provide a structured approach to **mitigating risks**, improving performance, and ensuring user trust. By conducting thorough research, testing, and ethical assessments, we can develop AI-driven speech technologies that are both **effective** and **responsible**. Also, continuous refinement and stakeholder collaboration will be essential in advancing these systems for broader and safer adoption.

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4 Preliminary considerations

The findings of this study will serve as a foundation for future advancements in TTS and STT technologies. By demonstrating **effective implementation** of guardrails and evaluators, this research will encourage further exploration into **safe** and **ethical** AI-driven speech systems.

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